



Washington, D.C. 20549

MISSION

OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: October 31, 2004

Estimated average burden hours per response.....12.00

> SEC FILE NUMBER 65264

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

•	MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY	
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	i	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: G	rant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC	OFFICIAL USE C	DNLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO	<u> </u>
226 Causeway Street	t		
	(No. and Street)		
Boston	MA	02114	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
	ER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO		
George D. Shaw		(617) 723-7900 (Area Code - Telephone N	form book
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	(Alea Code – Telephone I	(dilibei
•	Diffee of the state of the stat		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report	*	
	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report	*	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN Tonneson & Company	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN Tonneson & Company	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report CPAS PC (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name)		·)
TONNESON & COMPANY 401 Edgewater Place (Address)	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report CPAS PC (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, Suite 300, Wakefield, MA 01880	1e)	:)
TONNESON & COMPANY 401 Edgewater Place (Address)	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report CPAS PC (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, Suite 300, Wakefield, MA 01880 (City)	1e)	*)
TONNESON & COMPANY 401 Edgewater Place (Address) CHECK ONE:	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report CPAS PC (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, Suite 300, Wakefield, MA 01880 (City)	1e)) ED
Tonneson & Company 401 Edgewater Place (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report CPAS PC (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, Suite 300, Wakefield, MA 01880 (City)	1e)	*)
Tonneson & Company 401 Edgewater Place (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report CPAS PC (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, Suite 300, Wakefield, MA 01880 (City)	1e)	»
Tonneson & Company 401 Edgewater Place (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	NTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report CPAS PC (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, Suite 300, Wakefield, MA 01880 (City) untant nt in United States or any of its possessions.	1e)	;) ;)

must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEETS JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003	2
STATEMENTS OF INCOME YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003	3
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S CAPITAL YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003	4
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003	5
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003	6 - 7
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION	8
ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION	
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION JULY 31, 2004	9
STATEMENT REGARDING RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION JULY 31, 2004	10

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Member Grant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC Boston, Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Grant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC as of July 31, 2004 and 2003 and the related statements of income, changes in member's capital and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of Grant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC as of July 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Tonnesson & Company CPA: PC
Tonnesson & Company CPAs PC

August 24, 2004

BALANCE SHEETS

JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:		2004		<u>2003</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Accounts receivable	\$ _	6,994 143,528 25,000	\$ _	76,506 71,913 15,000				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	175,522	\$ =	163,419				
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL								
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accrued expenses	\$ _	5,000	\$_	7,500				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,000	_	7,500				
MEMBER'S CAPITAL	_	170,522	_	155,919				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL	\$_	175,522	\$	163,419				

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003

		<u>2004</u>		<u>2003</u>
REVENUES: Fee income	\$	972,445	\$	147,500
EXPENSES: Selling, general and administrative expenses		237,668	-	10,646
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		734,777	-	136,854
OTHER INCOME: Interest income Miscellaneous income		1,472 173		1,565
Other income, net		1,645	-	1,565
NET INCOME	\$ _	736,422	\$	138,419

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S CAPITAL

YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003

BALANCE AT AUGUST 1, 2002	\$	-
Contributions		150,000
Net income		138,419
Distributions	(132,500)
BALANCE AT JULY 31, 2003		155,919
Net income		736,422
Distributions	(_	721,819)
BALANCE AT JULY 31, 2004	\$	170,522

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		<u>2004</u>		<u>2003</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$	736,422	\$	138,419
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Changes in certain assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	(10,000)	(15,000)
Accrued expenses	(2,500)		7,500
Net cash provided by operating activities		723,922	_	130,919
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of short-term investments	(143,615)	(71,913)
Proceeds from sale of short-term investment	`	72,000	`	-
2.000000				
Net cash used in investing activities	(71,615)	(71,913)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital contributions		-		150,000
Distributions to member	(721,819)	(132,500)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(721,819)		17,500
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH				
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(69,512)		76,506
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		76,506		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	6,994	\$	76,506

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Nature of Operations</u> - The Company was organized on November 30, 2001 and commenced active operations on September 13, 2002. Its principal business activity is to provide investment banking services including advising and managing the sale of private enterprises and non-core subsidiaries or divisions, raising capital and refinancing, advising and managing the acquisition of businesses, and providing strategic options advice.

Estimates - Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u> - Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

<u>Short-term Investments</u> – Short-term investments consist principally of U.S. Treasury Bills with maturities between three months and two years. Debt securities that the Company has the ability and intent to hold until maturity are accounted for as held-to-maturity securities and are carried at amortized cost.

Revenue Recognition - Commission revenues are recognized on a trade date basis.

<u>Income Taxes</u> - The Company does not pay federal and state income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the member's partners are liable for individual federal and state income taxes on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income.

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirement

As a broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Uniform Net Capital Rule). The Company computes its net capital under the aggregate indebtedness method which requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or \$5,000. At July 31, 2004, the Company had net capital of \$145,164 which was in excess of its requirement of \$5,000 by \$140,164. At July 31, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$140,919, which was in excess of its requirement of \$5,000 by \$135,919.

Note 3 - Short-term Investments

At July 31, 2004 and 2003, investments in held-to-maturity debt securities were as follows:

	2004		<u>2003</u>)	
	<u>]</u>	Fair Value	Amortized <u>Cost</u>		Fair Value		Amortized <u>Cost</u>
U.S. Treasury Bills				_		_	
(maturing in one year or less)	\$_	<u>143,528</u>	\$ <u>143,528</u>	\$	<u>71,913</u>	\$	71,913

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED JULY 31, 2004 AND 2003

Note 4 - Non-Related Party Monetary Transactions

The Company has entered into an Expense Sharing Agreement with its sole member, Grant Thornton LLP whereby Grant Thornton LLP will provide office space to the Company. In addition, Grant Thornton LLP will be responsible for all the normal overhead expenses relating to the everyday operation of the Company including payroll, insurance, advertising, employee benefits and travel and entertainment.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Member Grant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC Boston, Massachusetts

We have audited the financial statements of Grant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC for the years ended July 31, 2004 and 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated August 24, 2004. Out audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 9 and 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Tonneson & Company CPA: PC
Tonneson & Company CPAs PC

Wakefield Massachusetts August 24, 2004

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

JULY 31, 2004

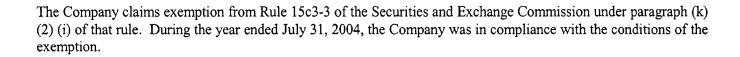
NET CAPITAL

A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital and Other (deductions) or allowable credits - deferred income taxes payable Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities Non-allowable assets 25,000 Haircuts on securities: C. Trading and investment securities - exempted securities Net capital ACGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Items included in the accompanying balance sheet Accounts payable and accrued expenses Total aggregate indebtedness **COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT** 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) 4. Excess net capital 5. Excess net capital 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 5. Excess net capital requirement of the Company's computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net capital Net capital Net capital Net audit adjustments Net capital Net audit adjustments Net capital Net audit adjustments Net capital Net capital Net capital Net capital Net capital Net capital Net audit adjustments Net capital Net audit adjustments Net capital Net capital	Member's equity at July 31, 2004 Add:	\$	170,522			
Computation of allowable credits - deferred income taxes payable 170,522	A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in					
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities A Non-allowable assets A Non-allowable assets Trading and investment securities - exempted securities Net capital A SAGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Items included in the accompanying balance sheet Accounts payable and accrued expenses Total aggregate indebtedness COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) Minimum net capital requirement (requirement of the Company) Excess net capital at 1000% Excess net capital at 1000% Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital Excess net capital at 1000% Reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net adult adjustments Net adult adjustments - 1004 - 2006 - 2007			-			
Deductions and/or charges: A. Non-allowable assets C. Trading and investment securities - exempted securities Net capital \$ 358 Net capital \$ 145,164 AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Items included in the accompanying balance sheet Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 5,000 Total aggregate indebtedness \$ 5,000 COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) \$ 333 Minimum net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) \$ 5,000 Excess net capital 1 (1000 % 140,164) Excess net capital a 1000 % 140,164 Excess net capital a 1000 % 140,164 The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments Let audit adjustments Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Let audit adjustments AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNES Aggregate indebtedness of securities Aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000 Aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000 Aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000 Aggregate indebtedness to net capital Aggregate ind			170.522			
Haircuts on securities: C. Trading and investment securities – exempted securities Net capital AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Items included in the accompanying balance sheet Accounts payable and accrued expenses Total aggregate indebtedness S. 5,000 COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) S. 333 Minimum net capital requirement of the Company S. 5,000 Minimum net capital requirement of the Company S. 6,000 Minimum net capital requirement of the Company S. 6,000 A Excess net capital Accounts payable and accrued expenses RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments			1,0,022			
Net capital sadd investment securities – exempted securities		_	25,000			
Net capital AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Items included in the accompanying balance sheet Accounts payable and accrued expenses Total aggregate indebtedness COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) 4. Excess net capital 5. Excess net capital 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments	Haircuts on securities:					
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Items included in the accompanying balance sheet Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 5,000 Total aggregate indebtedness \$ 5,000 COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) \$ 333 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company \$ 5,000 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) \$ 5,000 4. Excess net capital \$ 140,164 5. Excess net capital at 1000% \$ 144,664 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report \$ 144,664 Net audit adjustments	C. Trading and investment securities – exempted securities		358			
Items included in the accompanying balance sheet Accounts payable and accrued expenses Total aggregate indebtedness \$ 5,000 COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) 4. Excess net capital 5. Excess net capital 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 7. EXCONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments	Net capital	\$	145,164			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 5,000 Total aggregate indebtedness \$ 5,000 COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) \$ 333 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company \$ 5,000 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) \$ 5,000 4. Excess net capital \$ 140,164 5. Excess net capital at 1000% \$ 144,664 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report \$ 144,664 Net audit adjustments \$ 144,664	AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS					
Total aggregate indebtedness \$ 5,000 COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) \$ 333 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company \$ 5,000 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) \$ 5,000 4. Excess net capital \$ 140,164 5. Excess net capital at 1000% \$ 144,664 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report \$ 144,664 Net audit adjustments \$ 144,664	Items included in the accompanying balance sheet					
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) \$ 333 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company \$ 5,000 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) \$ 5,000 4. Excess net capital \$ 140,164 5. Excess net capital at 1000% \$ 144,664 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	5,000			
1. Minimum net capital requirement (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) \$ 333 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company \$ 5,000 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) \$ 5,000 4. Excess net capital \$ 140,164 5. Excess net capital at 1000% \$ 144,664 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital \$.03 to 1 RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report \$ 144,664 Net audit adjustments \$	Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	5,000			
(6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$5,000) 2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) 4. Excess net capital 5. Excess net capital at 1000% 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital **RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION** **RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION** The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: **Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report **Net audit adjustments** **Net audit adjustments** **Ja33 3. 33 5.000 \$ 5,000 \$ 144,664 **Net audit adjustments** **July 31, 2004: **July 31, 2004: **Net audit adjustments** **July 31, 2004: **July 31, 2004: **Net audit adjustments** **July 31, 2004: **Net audit adjustments** **July 31, 2004: **Net audit adjustments** **July 31, 2004: **July 31, 2004: **July 31, 2004: **Net audit adjustments** **July 31, 2004: **July 31, 2004: **Net audit adjustments** **July 31, 2004: **July 31,	COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREM	<u>ÆNT</u>				
2. Minimum net capital requirement of the Company 3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) 4. Excess net capital 5. Excess net capital at 1000% 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments - Net audit adjustments - -	1. Minimum net capital requirement					
3. Net capital requirement (greater of 1 or 2 above) 4. Excess net capital 5. Excess net capital at 1000% 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital **RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION** **RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION** The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: **Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report **Net audit adjustments** **I44,664** Net audit adjustments** **J44,664** **Net audit adjustments** **J4						
4. Excess net capital \$ 140,164 5. Excess net capital at 1000% \$ 144,664 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital						
5. Excess net capital at 1000% 6. Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments	,	\$				
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments -	•	\$ _				
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments -		»				
The following is a reconciliation of net capital between this computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments Solvential description and the corresponding computation and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Solvential description and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Solvential description and the corresponding computation prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004:						
prepared by the Company for inclusion in its Unaudited Part II Focus Report as of July 31, 2004: Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report Net audit adjustments	RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTAT	ION				
Part II-A (Unaudited) FOCUS Report \$ 144,664 Net audit adjustments						
		\$	144,664			
	Net audit adjustments					
Net capital \$ <u>144,664</u>	-					
	Net capital	\$	144,664			

See Independent Auditors' Report on Accompanying Information.

STATEMENT REGARDING RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

JULY 31, 2004



See Independent Auditors' Report on Accompanying Information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Member Grant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC Boston, Massachusetts

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Grant Thornton Corporate Finance, LLC (the "Company") for the year ended July 31, 2004, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g); (1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company, (1) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; or (2) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

401 Edgewater Place • Suite 300 Wakefield, MA 01880-6208 T: 781.245.9999 • F:781.245.8731 www.tonneson.com

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected timely by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involved in the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. The Company was in compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 as of July 31, 2004 and no facts came to our attention indicating that such conditions had not been complied with during the year then ended.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at July 31, 2004 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

> Tonneson & Company CRAS PC Tonneson & Company CPAs PC

Wakefield, Massachusetts August 24, 2004